

NO WOMEN NOTARIES FOR NORTH CAROLINA

Raleigh, N. C., May 25.—The law passed by the last legislature granting women the right to serve as notaries

declared unconstitutional by the state supreme court. The court held the state constitution must first be amended. The decision was rendered on an appeal of Mrs. Noland Knight, of Ashe-

Pensacola Bankers Freed.
Pensacola, Fla., May 25.—The cases of four bankers charged with conspiracy to defraud the bank of the failure of the First National bank of Pensacola about a year ago ended in favor of the defendants today. Summons were taken in the cases of Thomas Trent and William S. Knowles and Federal Judge J. M. Ingham refused to bring in a verdict of guilty to the charges of William S. Keyser and W. K. Myer.

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The Constitution is not responsible for the opinions of its contributors.

The Dixie Highway.

There has been no word but that of approval regarding the action of the directors of the Dixie Highway in establishing the double route between certain points upon the great road now assured and soon to be built from Chicago to Miami.

Even from those sources from which some criticism, growing out of the keenness of competition, had been anticipated, there has come only commendation. Nashville was insistent upon its route alone between Louisville and Chattanooga; could see no other possible solution to the problem as it was presented to the directors for decision. Yet The Tennessean and American of that city gives cordial endorsement to the directors' action.

"Nashville can view with complacency," it says, "any possible competition which the other fork of the route may offer," and again, "The Louisville-Nashville division will become, naturally and inevitably, the real Dixie highway." The Tennessean and American goes further still and finds the selection of an alternative route, through Tennessee's mountain region, "for the good of the state as a whole."

In the division of routes the directors who had charge of the selection have undoubtedly accomplished a greater work for substantial road development than could possibly have been done had the choice been confined to a single route at every point. It not only gives the tourist the advantage of a choice of routes and different routes for going and returning, but it strengthens competition between the two routes of the highway, which will result in better and more substantial building, in more extended service and in the building of more lateral roadways in the territory involved.

It is these promised results which have brought such widespread approval of the plan adopted in locating the highway, and which are so clearly indicated in the Nashville attitude. It will be apparent from the expression of The Tennessean and American, published in The Constitution today, that the Nashville route is going to make every effort to attract rapid and substantial construction to the highway. The competition will mean better construction and service to a far more extended territory. If those sections of the route upon which there is no competition will get busy and build as quickly and as well as it is indicated will be done upon those where the route is divided, the Dixie highway will be ready for comfortable and rapid travel easily within the allotted twelve months.

THE WAR AND OPERA.

One of the particular phases of the European war in Italy is much interested in its possible effect upon opera; and this problem is now more than ever accentuated by Italy's entrance into the conflict. Already there are being discussed possible radical changes in the plans of the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York, made necessary by Italy's recent war declaration.

The opera season just passed lost materially in talent so far as the German and

Austrian singers were concerned; and now that Italy is involved, opera will be struck a severe blow because of the predominance of the Italian music and the Italian singer. At the close of the season this year most of the Italian singers returned to Europe. If they are called into the army there will be little hope of their return this fall; there is no present prospect of so early an end to the European war.

It is true there remain in this country some of the leading German singers, those who found the matter of return too difficult to attempt to undertake it; perhaps, also, quite undesirable at the present time. Of the Italian singers, Scotti and Amato are still here, favoring both, both, but in number, but what will prove equally serious from the operatic standpoint is the fact that the supply of new talent periodically requisitioned from Italy will be cut off, in addition to the removal from the stage of many of those who have already won their laurels.

Although many months will intervene before the opening of another operatic season, the situation is one which is exciting concern and anxiety among officials of the Metropolitan as well as with opera lovers of New York. It is assured beyond question that there will be a season of grand opera of the highest quality, but it is the prospect of certain limitations that is the present disturbing element. Atlanta naturally joins with New York in the hope that the problem will be solved without material loss to the operatic personnel and repertoire of the 1915-16 season.

TAXATION IN HEARD.

It will not be questioned that such reports as that which come from Heard county with reference to the operations of Georgia's new, or comparatively new, tax equalization law will add to the growing popularity of that statute throughout the state. Heard furnishes gratifying evidence of the fact that the equalization law is being administered both in spirit and in letter, and that every effort is being made to accomplish the highest purpose of the law, which is the equality of taxation upon all citizens and all classes of property.

But most gratifying in the case of Heard—and it has been true in greater or less degree in other counties of the state—is the fact that the law has operated substantially to reduce the rate of taxation within the county. Before the law was applied in Heard its tax rate was 20 mills or \$2 on each \$100 of property. This is recognized as a considerably heavier rate than the average. Within less than two years, through equalization, and bringing upon the tax-books large amounts of property which had formerly escaped taxation, Heard has been able to get out of debt, carry along her public works as heretofore, and to reduce her tax rate by one-half.

This is an interesting illustration of what may be brought about as to the state itself. State equalization under the new law is in its infancy; it has just begun to be felt. Already it has brought about some reduction in the state rate, and there is every evidence that further splendid success in this direction awaits it.

The people of Georgia have long since dismissed the erroneous idea that tax equalization meant increased taxation. Both the law and its administration have disproven this theory. It has begun to appear, as in the case of Heard, that it will ultimately mean very substantial reduction in county rates throughout the state; and it is indicative of hope for the realization of State Tax Commissioner Harjo's prediction that the state rate may, before long, be cut in half.

THE HUMAN TOUCH.

The worldopponents are sometimes rewarded with a glimpse of the brighter side of war, and instances of sunlight in the storm—and the human touch in the inhuman strife—are not uncommon. The Indianapolis News finds evidence of this brighter side in a recent story from the trenches— the story of a son, as reported in Lillington, of Paris.

A French general in the forest of Argonne told a junior officer that he wanted a sample of the human touch. The line of trenches was but twenty yards away. As he was arranging his camera he chanced to whistle the air of a popular German song, of which two lines, translated, are as follows:

In the valley below,
Ah, how glorious it is there!
Then from the German trenches opposite came the concluding couplet, whistled in the same key:

Ah, it is so glorious there,
With the happiness I would be!
The story says that five Germans, with their heads above the trench, were singing and, looking at the man with the camera, they called out, "Good morning, comrade!"

And the situation met with hearty response from the French side, and they withdrew to wait and watch for signals to blur the brightness of that "Good morning" with bullets!

But the smoke of battle cannot dim the homelights that shine down on the trenches; the human touch is felt there in all the strength of brotherhood.

May be working on the optimistic idea that there never is rain enough to drown the roses.

It seems that for the present Japan is satisfied with as much of the earth as China stands for.

No chaatqua statesman has specially distinguished himself since the adjournment of congress.

They are making butter out of sunflower-seed oil, but the butter is not as good as the moon will look like green cheese to them.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton

His Conclusion.

I. He didn't mind the trouble that the blain' weather made, He didn't spare the time to leave a spare, He had this consolation when 'twas ninety in the shade: "There's a hotter time a-comin' by an' by."

II. He kept that consolation when the rainless week was sad, An' starin' at the big cracks in the sky: "You'd better be contented with a world so brave an' glad, There's a hotter time a-comin' by an' by."

III. Congratulating The Dixie Gazette on its forty-first birthday Editor McIntosh, of The Albany Herald, says: "And this reminds us that dear old Dick Strubb and the writer are the only surviving members of the Georgia editors who were editors when The Dixie Gazette was founded forty-one years ago. If there is another surviving editor in the state who was an editor at that time we do not know who or where he is, but it reminds us, too, that we are both getting along in years."

IV. The Blain' Sun. The determination by the railroad commission of the question before it must be governed by the legislature to see that it is creating it and the acts amendatory thereto. This, because it is an administrative act, and the legislature is the body which can exercise the powers not granted expressly by the constitution.

V. The Railroad Commission. The railroad commission was created by act of 1875, for the supervision of railroads only. Its power was enlarged in 1890 to include the supervision of the state's public utilities. The commission's powers were largely increased by act of 1907, which gave it jurisdiction of the civil code of 1910.

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Doubts Commission's Authority, But Thinks Legislature Will Confer It

Editorial.

The state railroad commission has recently taken under advisement, at the instance of the local railroad company, the question of whether or not it should extend its jurisdiction to the "jitney bus." We have thought it therefore, to submit to you a brief exposition of the considerations which must determine that question.

The railroad commission has already been regulated by a city ordinance approved April 19, last. This ordinance was attacked by the "jitney" bus, and Judge Ellis refused to enjoin its enforcement, holding that it was a reasonable exercise of the city's police power, an undoubtedly it was.

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CLEARING HOUSE FOR UNEMPLOYED MEETING WITH READY SUPPORT

By Isaac Dooley.

From the clearing house for the unemployed, established on office on the sixth floor of the Chamber of Commerce building, a number of practical suggestions have been rendered women workers. The clearing house is a subject of a board of women managers, of which Mrs. Beaumont Davidson is president, and Miss Susan McCellan is secretary.

For three months Miss McCellan has had the register in charge where the unemployed women register in seeking employment, while employers seeking the value of the well-kept register are advised in practical patterns, this work originated by the Emergency association.

In the last two weeks seventeen women have secured permanent positions through the clearing house, while a firm of young women stenographers has been established through the agency of the clearing house.

The new firm of "Martin & McKenna" is operating a confidential commercial stenographic register, which is a better solution of the problem as it is itself to us, but confronted with the work of the clearing house, even the most experienced stenographer would find it difficult to keep up with the demand.

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FAVORS FEDERAL AID FOR HIGHWAYS

Richard Hardy Discusses
Dixie Highway Meeting
and Praises New Concrete
Road on Andrews Avenue.

Richard Hardy, a member of the executive committee of the Dixie Highway association, was in the city Tuesday for the purpose of taking part in the opening of Andrews avenue, which is the first concrete-paved roadway in Fulton county, and he gave out an interesting statement regarding the meeting of the Dixie highway commission in Chattanooga. Mr. Hardy was one of the original seven incorporators of the Dixie highway.

Mr. Hardy is president of the Dixie Portland Cement company, of Chattanooga, and is taking an active part in the building of good roads in the south. He was one of the principal speakers at the barbecue given by Walter P. Andrews in honor of the opening of Andrews avenue.

He says that the national government must develop the roadway in the south, and he believes that the time will come when the entire country will be threaded with fine roads.

Speaking of the meeting of the Dixie highway commission, he said: "It was one of the most remarkable gatherings ever held in this country. Do not believe that there has ever been such a demonstration regarding the improvement of roadway in the history of the United States. There were fully 100 people present, and they came from every section of the states through which the Dixie highway will pass from Chicago to Miami, Fla., and represent the best and most progressive class of business and professional men."

"Those who attended the meeting not only listened to the speakers from their own sections, but heard with interest those from other sections had to do with the material resources and the historic and scenic beauty of the south."

"At first a majority seemed to favor only one route, but after the committee decided upon two routes, they declared that such action was the best. The claims for recognition by the advocates of both routes were so meritorious that neither could be rejected."

"The selection of two routes will create a healthy and stimulating rivalry between them, and each will strive to offer the best inducements to tourists."

"He said that the construction of the Dixie highway was already having a wonderful effect in Tennessee. "As an evidence of the tremendous interest manifested," he stated, "we went to Knoxville, where \$100,000 is ready for immediate use for road improvement. The same can be said of Nashville."

He said that the executive committee of the Dixie Highway association will soon meet to provide ways and means to carry on an aggressive campaign for immediate improvement of roads on both routes selected.

Andrews avenue, he said, is a splendid example of permanent road construction. It is 100 feet wide, a quarter of a mile in length, and is the first road paved with concrete in Fulton county, and the item of maintenance will be an exceedingly small one. The type of road which is deemed to be the best is the concrete road, which is the best and most durable type of pavement. Mr. Hardy left for Chattanooga Tuesday night.

OFFICIALS CONFER TO PLAN ENFORCING OF PURE FOOD LAWS

With a view to bringing about closer relations between the federal and state departments of agriculture, W. J. McGee, chief of the United States pure food laboratory at Washington, was in Atlanta Tuesday for a conference with department of agriculture officials.

One of the principal matters before the officials was the seizure at Athens of a shipment of oats sent to this state by a Louisville, Ky., concern. A case against the company has been made in the federal court at Athens. They are charged with adulterating the shipment with barley and will be prosecuted.

Several other alleged violations of the pure food laws are now pending with the state and federal departments, and it was the sense of the conference that the two departments should co-operate in enforcing the pure food laws in Georgia as regards not one but all articles of commerce.

DAVIS STREET SCHOOL IN EXERCISES TODAY

The Davis street school will hold interesting exercises Wednesday afternoon, which will last from 1:30 to 4 o'clock.

There will be a parents' meeting from 1:30 to 4:30 o'clock, a lawn party from 4:30 to 6 o'clock, during which the children will entertain the visitors with games, plays, songs and songs.

If it should rain the entertainment will be postponed until Friday afternoon.

The patrons of the school, the city officials and the public generally are invited to attend.

Goblets, Platters, Pitchers, Bowls, Bread Trays For Wedding Gifts

It will pay you in dollars and cents to inspect our wedding gifts in Sterling Silver hollowware.

You will find in our store and catalogue a much broader variety and finer values than are to be had elsewhere.

For over 28 years, we have specialized silver and naturally know how to select the best values.

Call and let us show you what splendid values we afford in appropriate and serviceable gifts.

Write for 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1867

TRUSTEES ACCEPT ANNUAL REPORTS OF MORRIS BROWN

The trustee board of Morris Brown college held a very interesting and helpful session in the chapel of the school Tuesday.

Bishop Joseph R. Filmer, chairman, presented the annual report of Morris Brown, Payne college, Cuthbert, and Central Park Normal, at Savannah. President W. A. Fountain read an itemized report of the students in attendance, fifty-one to be graduated from different departments, and of all moneys taken in and expended in the college department, and of the amount that had been sent to the treasurer after certain bills had been paid.

Treasurer L. H. Smith, for all the schools of the denomination in the state, also read an itemized report, which was put into the hands of a special committee to report on the same tomorrow.

On motion of Rev. W. O. P. Sherman, the trustees adjourned for one hour out of respect for the death of Bishop H. M. Turner. The board agreed to place a tablet in the wall of the college, and the fact that he left in his will the Turner Theological seminary should have \$100.

Rev. J. D. Rinder was made the trustee of the board of the school. In special session of the college, Monday night, were presented to the trustees with Rev. S. S. Morris, head of the True Reformers, of Richmond, Va.

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SALEM GIVES DIPLOMAS
TO MANY GIRL GRADUATES

Winston-Salem, N. C., May 25.—Dr. Alphonse Smith, a member of the faculty of the University of Virginia, today featured the commencement exercises which marked the close of the one hundred and thirtieth annual session of Salem Female college with a beautiful and inspiring address on the subject, "Ministry of Poetry."

Diplomas were awarded to twenty-eight graduates in the regular college course, and a special diploma was given to one who had completed the course in domestic science, phonography and stenography.

President Rutherford announced that of the \$100,000 of the college endowment fund, \$25,000 had been donated and invested in interest-bearing funds.

The leaving a balance to be graduated from 1907 to 1914, every class was represented. The day closed with a benediction of the faculty and the presentation of diplomas.

ALLEGED AUSTRIAN PLOT
FRUSTRATED IN CANADA

Ottawa, Ont., May 25.—The arrest of two Austrians at Smiths Falls, Ont., is believed frustrated a plot to blow up the Canadian Northern railway bridge there.

An officer of the Forty-second regiment, suspicious of a recruit who had enlisted as a Russian Pole but who, it developed, is an Austrian, had the man surrounded and when he went to a boat-house near the bridge the place was surrounded and ten Austrians found there were arrested. A quantity of dynamite was found in the boat-house.

Dean W. M. Croton Dead.

Philadelphia, May 25.—The Rev. William Marcellus Croton, dean of the Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania, a widely-known Protestant Episcopal churchman, died here tonight.

TWO MORE STATE BODIES REQUEST FRANK CLEMENCY

Two state legislative bodies followed in the wake of the states who have been indorsing commutation for Leo M. Frank, when the representatives of Louisiana and Michigan took official action pleading for executive clemency.

A resolution introduced into the house of representatives when the state legislators of Louisiana met in Baton Rouge received a favorable vote of thirty-one to four.

A similar resolution in Lansing, Mich., was adopted unanimously. Both resolutions are being forwarded to Governor John M. Slaton.

Another development in the Frank case Tuesday was the request made by the prisoner to Chicago and New York authorities to halt the moving picture drama written around the Frank case, in which the characters of Frank, Clegg and Solicitor Hugh Dorsey were played by professional actors.

"It appears that fakers are trying to utilize the notoriety given my case," he wrote, "to make a few pennies." The picture has been put under the ban in both cities.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR CHARLES FROHMAN

New York, May 25.—The funeral services of Charles Frohman, theatrical manager and producer, who was one of the victims in the sinking of the Lusitania, were held here today.

Services today in four other cities have been arranged by actors or actresses who have starred under Mr. Frohman's management.

The services here began at the home of Daniel Frohman, where only immediate family were present. This was followed by public services in the church, St. Ignace, conducted by the Rev. Joseph Sullivan, Augustus Thomas, the playwright, was selected to deliver a funeral address. The honorary pallbearers were Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sullivan, in San Francisco, and by Julia Anderson and others in Providence, R. I.

In speaking of Mr. Frohman's high standing in the theatrical world, Augustus Thomas said:

"The history of the dramatic world has held no name so potent, because for one thing he never bartered his integrity for notoriety, but to the man with was to be decent."

He was a well-known figure in the dramatic world, was missing from the ranks of authors, managers and actors, escorted the body. They included Richard Harding Davis, E. H. Sothern, William Gillette, the actress, William Paversham and David Belasco. Floral tributes came from abroad as well as this country. Delegations from theatrical circles and writers marched to the services in a body.

BURKE TELLS OF GRAFT
IN CANAL CONTRACTS

New York, May 25.—John Burke, former manager of the commercial department of the Panama railroad, indicted for conspiracy to defraud the government in accepting commission in connection with tobacco contracts, appeared as a government witness today at the trial of Juan Soto, a tobacco merchant, an alleged participant in the conspiracy.

Having waived immunity Burke testified that he and Ricardo Bermudez, former governor of Cuba, were under indictment under which he was to purchase a large quantity of cigars for the commercial department and receive an interest in the profits thereon.

Burke testified that he and Bermudez received in payment on account of the cigars \$100,000, which he said he received on the 15th of May.

Burke was proceeded on the stand by the government, and he testified that he and Bermudez received in payment on account of the cigars \$100,000, which he said he received on the 15th of May.

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Men and Religion Bulletin No. 170.

THE TRUTH IN, OF AND ABOUT ATLANTA

"To this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the world, that I should bear witness unto the truth."

"Everyone that is of the truth heareth my voice."

"I am---the truth."

Those engaged in violating the law of Georgia make a mistake in thinking that they constitute the whole of the city of Atlanta.

The state—the world knows better.

Those having a contempt for law are in the minority in Atlanta, as they are throughout Georgia.

Unfortunately, there are agencies serving the liquor interests at work in the state. You have seen in the daily press those flaring advertisements of the twin poisons, whiskey and beer.

THE HAMILTON (GEORGIA) JOURNAL

says: "We need money, Lewis-Seabrook Company, but your beer advertising is no go with us."

THE MANCHESTER MERCURY

says: "Doubtless every country weekly newspaper in the state has received from a certain Atlanta advertising agency an offer to publish a beer advertising contract—

"This paper was offered the advertising, and it was about the best offer we have had in some time. This article, however, is all the attention it has had from us."

"We trust that the country editors will see through this scheme of the beer and whiskey interests and ignore them, or else show them up in their efforts to buy up the weekly newspapers with the proverbial mess of pottage."

THE QUITMAN (GEORGIA) ADVERTISER

has this: "We regret very much that the Gilreath News Syndicate of Atlanta is one of the press agents of the vice factory. Mr. Gilreath issues a news letter that is invaluable to the country newspaper—

"But Gilreath takes every uncalled for occasion to fight Chief Heavers and the police. He is a great champion of the whiskey forces. He is the mouth-piece of big capital, but—

"The editor was for fourteen months, off and on, a police reporter in Atlanta and knows Chief Heavers no doubt even better than Mr. Gilreath. He was in position to know that few better men ever lived than the chief—

"Mr. Gilreath is merely making a dupe of Georgia's weeklies."

"WHERE DID THE CHILDREN GET THE INTOXICANTS?"

"We respectfully refer the question—
To the 180 near beer saloons in Atlanta—
To the blind-tiger locker clubs that sell liquor—
To the city council which takes the license money and says—
"Go ahead and sell. It may make the children drunk, but go ahead and sell."

You who are breaking the law of Georgia, will you not stop and think? Anarchy, that spawn of lust and greed, can never prevail against a law born of knowledge and the love of God and man.

Anarchy is with you, making your defeat doubly sure, whether it be swift or slow—you cannot win.

All Georgia, wondering, looks aghast and asks—
"How long will the law-abiding people of Atlanta permit a handful of men to run roughshod over the will of the state and the majority of its capital city, when any judge of the superior court must close these blind tigers upon the application of any citizen?"

If public officials and grand juries refuse protection, there is the injunction and the ballot-box.

Invest not too heavily in blind-tiger stock, even if Council should again betray the people by licensing law-breakers again during the next two months.

The end approaches.
The world respects a city that refuses to tolerate vice and political corruption.

The world respects Atlanta!

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Hawkes' "Fits-U"

Our new Fits-U Eyeglass mounting really stays on comfortably. Self-adjusting guards, oval lenses, and is very small and inconspicuous. If you have trouble keeping your eyeglasses on, or if unable to wear a pair at all, see them and try on a pair. Let us show you our new Drop Guard Eyeglass lenses made in the leaf-shape and in amber tint. Our long experience is at your service.

All lenses ground in our own modern shop—Established 1870



DUMAS' NOVELS

SIXTY VOLUMES
LARGE TYPE

FREE LIBRARY COUPON

Imported Six Volume Set

Introductory Distribution by

The Atlanta Constitution

Great Authors Library

FREE LIBRARY COUPON FREE

How to Get the Books

Clip this Free Library Coupon and bring or send to The Constitution office, together with the expense item of \$1.00 for the set of Dumas' six volumes of The Three Musketeers, and you will receive the books free of charge.

This coupon also good for Dickens, Victor Hugo or Rudyard Kipling's sets, previously advertised, while the supply lasts, when so specified in the order.

If you wish to have the set sent by parcel post, all charges prepaid, add 50c. or \$1.00 in advance, and fill in the name and address below.

Name.....
Address.....

Sports

Dumb Work on the Attack
Permits Vols to Win Out
In Tenth Round at Ponce

By Dick Jensen.

Failure to follow up Mr. Scott Perry's instructions at the bat, and failure to hit in the pinches caused the Crackers to lose to the Nashville Vols Tuesday afternoon in the tenth inning, when they ought to have had the game packed away in their grip-sacks in nine innings.

The final count was 5 to 4, with the Vols connecting for six hits from the delivery of Mr. Scott Perry, while the locals annexed double, single and third. Had Rumber run down between second and third, the Crackers would have been in a position to win the game in nine innings.

They lost a splendid opportunity in the fifth inning to score the old ball game on ice, but neither Rumber nor Smith could come through with a pinch, and the same thing was true in the seventh and ninth.

In the seventh inning Moran opened the inning with a single and stole. Then with instructions to bunt, Rumber hit at the ball, but the ball was run down between second and third. Had Rumber bunted and gotten Moran to third, with the infield in, the Crackers would have had a run in the ninth.

Manager Smith read the play and told the ball club that the play was a run in the ninth.

From a spectators standpoint, it was an exciting game. The Crackers got off to a two-run lead, only to have the Vols tie it, then go on to win the game. The Crackers recovered in the fifth, from then until the tenth the teams battled, with the locals having many wasted opportunities.

A base on balls to Redmond, Moran's single, on which he went to second on the throw, and Catter Smith's error passing to get Moran off of second permitted Rumber to score the first run in the ninth.

Who's single and Lee's second another for the local in the second. The crowd gave back an ovation. Every one in town seems to be pulling for the Crackers to get started.

A base on balls to Pautel and Farmer's home to the center field fence, which he hit off his feet, and the game up for the Vols in the fifth.

Stark's single, Kierker's sacrifice, Kierker's infield out, Pautel's error and Stark's single, which he hit off his feet, and the game up for the Vols in the fifth.

The Crackers tied it in their half.

Through Wednesday's game

Player	AB	R	H	PO	Errors
King, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 2b.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 3b.	4	1	2	4	0
Smith, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
Rumber, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Stark, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Farmer, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
McGee, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Berger, p.	4	1	2	4	0
Totals	34	5	20	34	0

Crackers' Daily Hitting

Through Wednesday's game	AB	R	H	PO	Errors
King, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 2b.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 3b.	4	1	2	4	0
Smith, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
Rumber, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Stark, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Farmer, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
McGee, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
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Rumber, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Stark, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Farmer, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
McGee, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Berger, p.	4	1	2	4	0
Totals	34	5	20	34	0

Through Wednesday's game

Player	AB	R	H	PO	Errors
King, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 2b.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 3b.	4	1	2	4	0
Smith, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
Rumber, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Stark, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Farmer, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
McGee, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Berger, p.	4	1	2	4	0
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Williams, 3b.	4	1	2	4	0
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Rumber, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Stark, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Farmer, rf.	4	1	2	4	0
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McGee, 1b.	4	1	2	4	0
Berger, p.	4	1	2	4	0
Totals	34	5	20	34	0

Through Wednesday's game

Player	AB	R	H	PO	Errors
King, cf.	4	1	2	4	0
Williams, 2b.	4				

STOCK EXCHANGE

DEALERS IN STOCKS

Present Situation Causes Investors to Hesitate on Entire List, Preference Being Given United States Government Securities.

New York, May 25.—The most conspicuous feature of today's stock market was its extreme apathy. Compared with the previous day, trading declined over fifty per cent. Dealings were again limited to the usual specialties, which manifested more or less heaviness throughout.

Opening prices were irregular and this tone was maintained subject to slight changes until the afternoon, when gradual recessions took place in all branches of the market. Prices showed net losses of 1 to 2 points in a number of issues.

United States Steel, leading and St. Paul, Portland and domestic developments were of a nature to give the market pause. Cable news from London, too, of the poor success of new capital underwriting and more or less unfavorable action regarding the tone of Germany's reply to the ultimatum.

Bonds were irregular with weakness in the total sales, per value, aggregated \$1,392,000.

United States coupon bonds advanced 1/2 cent and Panama coupon bonds 1/2 cent on call.

New York Stocks.

Amalg. Copper	High
Am. Agricultural	52
Am. Can.	51
Am. Car & Foundry	51
Am. C. & P.	51
Am. Cotton and	57
Am. Express	57
Am. Ice	57
Am. Lumber	106
Am. Oil	106
Am. Sugar	106
Am. T. and Tel.	113
Am. Tobacco	113
Am. Water	113
Am. Wire	113
Am. Zinc	113
Am. Iron	113
Am. Steel	113
Am. Copper	113
Am. Lead	113
Am. Tin	113
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